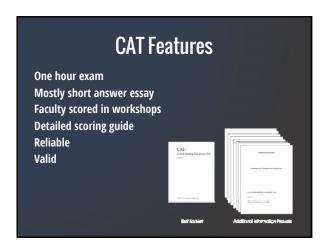
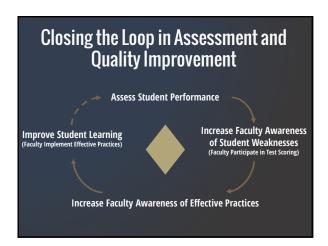
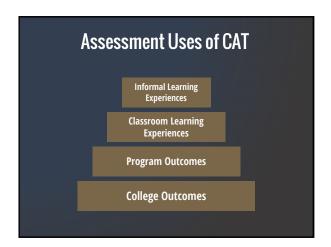


Skills Evaluated by CAT Instrument **Evaluating Information Learning & Problem Solving** Separate factual information from inferences. Separate relevant from irrelevant information. Interpret numerical relationships in graphs. Integrate information to solve problems. Understand the limitations of correlational data. Learn & apply new information. Use mathematical skills to solve real-world problems. Evaluate evidence and identify inappropriate conclusions. **Creative Thinking** Communication Identify alternative interpretations for data or observations. Communicate ideas effectively. Identify new information that might support or contradict a hypothesis. Explain how new information can change a problem.



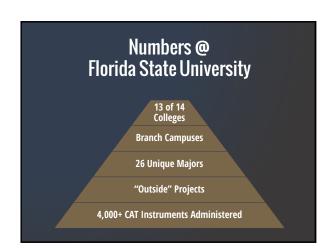
A scientist working at a government agency believes that an ingredient commonly used in bread causes criminal behavior. To support the hypothesis the scientist notes the following evidence. • 99.9% of the people who committed crimes consumed bread prior to committing crimes. • Crimes rates are extremely low in areas where bread is not consumed. Do the data described above strongly support the scientist's hypothesis? Yes____ No___ Are there other explanations from the data besides the scientist's hypothesis? If so, describe. What kind of additional information or evidence would help support the scientist's hypothesis?



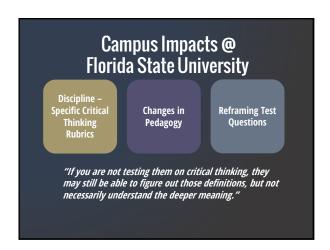


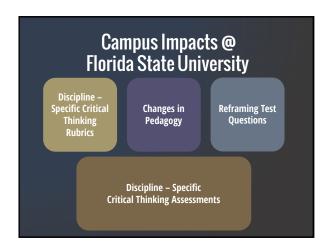
Critical Thinking @ Florida State University criticalthinking.fsu.edu

The CAT@ Florida State University Primary Assessment Tool Professional Development Opportunity Faculty Training



Campus Impacts @ Florida State University Discipline Specific Critical Thinking Rubrics Changes in Pedagogy "by introducing that kind of real-life problem based learning, they (students) are able to identify the problem needs in their own way... instead of having the same information on the problem, they are given the opportunity to uncover their own information on the problem."





CAT App: Ecology

Before 1934 in Panama City, the East Pass (now referred to as the Old Pass) was the only way to get from Saint Andrews Bay into the Gulf of Mexico. When the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers dredged the pass in 1934 at what is now St. Andrews State Park, the substantial changes in tidal flow patterns filled the East Pass with sand. Since the closure of East Pass, seagrass beds have declined, shrimping has waned, and bay scallops have completely disappeared.

Bay County commissioner Bill Dozier has been talking about reopening the East Pass since 2008, but no one's in Tallahassee or Washington has been listening. "Opening the old pass is certainly a win win for the environment. It's a win for the locally community and the bay system as a whole. It will allow that fresh sea water in and help the bay all the way around," said Dozier in 2012.*

1. How strongly does the information provided support Dozier's assertion that reopening the Old Pass will improve the ecology of the bay?

(*Taken from http://www.wjhg.com/home/headlines/Bay_County_Revisting_Old_Pass_Issue_158494075.html)

CAT App: Ecology Grading Rubric

0 =4=	Definitely Supports
0 pts.	The decline in shrimping, scallops, and seagrass since it closed indicates that the opening of Old Pass is necessary to improve the bay habitat.
	Supports with a qualifier
2 pts.	It appears that closing the pass negatively impacted the bay, and reopening it might improve conditions.
	Supports with a qualifier AND suggests alternative explanations
3 pts.	While reopening the pass may benefit the bay habitats, there are other possible reasons for the decline. (E.g., increased population since 1934 Gausing more pollution, increased boating activity damaging seagrass beds, changes in stormwater untoff due to development, impacts of damming freshwater tributaries, etc.)

What the Noles are saying

Questioning Experts

Dr. Raymond [has] a very big emphasis on it [critical thinking]. And that has definitely led to...going out of my comfort zone if I need anything and being able to assess what you have in front of you. Asking questions even if you do not feel comfortable about it. And normally I won't go to the teacher and be like. I don't think this [textbook] is right, I think this is completely wrong.

Different Approaches to Gathering Information

... I specifically went to the Veterans Film Festival because I wanted to do more research on this [design] project and see what their lives are [like on a] daily basis ... a high sense of awareness, just [about] everything is a threat to some veterans.

Lessons Learned @ Florida State University

- Be the Partner/Facilitator Not the Expert
- Look for Early Adopters
- Campus Partnerships Go Along Way
- **-** Encourage/Support Faculty Publications and Presentation
- Look at it as Herding Cats Not Cattle
- Keep the Lines of Communication Open with the CAT Folks

Why Assess Critical Thinking?

Need to Measure Success for Accountability

Assessment Drives Improvement Efforts

How We Assess - Determines What Students Learn

Use the CAT to Assess
Critical Thinking

ASSESSING & IMPROVING CRITICAL THINKING

Use the CAT as a Model for
Better Course Assessments

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How you learn determines how you will be able to use knowledge SOLVING REAL WORLD PROBLEMS Infusing critical thinking with discipline content prompts application

Thank You www.CriticalThinkingTest.org		
Tennesses		
Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation.		